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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.	
10/552,064	10/05/2005	Oliver Schadt	MERCK-3067 6539		
	7590 07/09/200 TE, ZELANO & BRA	EXAMINER			
2200 CLARENDON BLVD.			JARRELL, NOBLE E		
SUITE 1400 ARLINGTON,	VA 22201	ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER		
			1624		
			MAIL DATE	DELIVERY MODE	
			07/09/2008	PAPER	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

		Applicati	on No.	Applicant(s)		
Office Action Summary		10/552,00	64	SCHADT ET AL.		
		Examine	•	Art Unit		
		Noble Jar	rell	1624		
Period fo	The MAILING DATE of this communicat r Reply	ion appears on the	e cover sheet with the c	orrespondence ad	ddress	
A SHO WHIC - Exter after - If NO - Failui Any r	ORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR CHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAIL Issions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communical period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutor re to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, if eply received by the Office later than three months after the patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	ING DATE OF THE CFR 1.136(a). In no evaluation. Try period will apply and we by statute, cause the apply and we have a second and we have a seco	HIS COMMUNICATION ent, however, may a reply be tin ill expire SIX (6) MONTHS from lication to become ABANDONE	N. nely filed the mailing date of this c D (35 U.S.C. § 133).		
Status						
2a)⊠	Responsive to communication(s) filed on This action is FINAL . 2b)[Since this application is in condition for closed in accordance with the practice upon the communication of the closed in accordance with the practice upon the closed in th	☐ This action is r allowance except	on-final. for formal matters, pro		e merits is	
Dispositi	on of Claims					
5)□ 6)⊠ 7)⊠ 8)□ Applicati	Claim(s) 1-13 and 15-27 is/are pending 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are v Claim(s) is/are allowed. Claim(s) 1-13,15-18,23 and 25-27 is/are Claim(s) 19-22 and 24 is/are objected to Claim(s) are subject to restriction on Papers The specification is objected to by the Ex	vithdrawn from co e rejected. o. n and/or election r	nsideration.			
10)	The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) Applicant may not request that any objection Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the The oath or declaration is objected to by	accepted or b) n to the drawing(s) b correction is requir	ne held in abeyance. See ed if the drawing(s) is ob	e 37 CFR 1.85(a). jected to. See 37 Cl	• •	
Priority u	ınder 35 U.S.C. § 119					
 12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f). a) All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received. 2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No. 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)). * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received. 						
2) Notic 3) Inforr	t(s) e of References Cited (PTO-892) e of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO- nation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08) r No(s)/Mail Date	948)	4) Interview Summary Paper No(s)/Mail Da 5) Notice of Informal F 6) Other:	ate		

Art Unit: 1624

DETAILED ACTION

Response to Arguments

1. The rejections under 35 U.S.C. 112 1st paragraph regarding claims 11 and 16 have been overcome by the amendment filed 2/26/2008.

- 2. The double patenting rejections have been overcome by the amendment filed 2/26/08.
- 3. The rejections under 35 U.S.C. 102 have been overcome by the amendment filed 2/26/2008.
- 4. The rejections under 35 U.S.C. 103 have been overcome by the amendment filed 2/26/2008.

Claim Objections

5. Claims 1, 7-13, and 15-24 are objected to because of the following informalities: non-elected subject matter exists within these claims. Appropriate correction is required.

Maintained Rejections

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 112

- 6. The following is a quotation of the first paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:
 - The specification shall contain a written description of the invention, and of the manner and process of making and using it, in such full, clear, concise, and exact terms as to enable any person skilled in the art to which it pertains, or with which it is most nearly connected, to make and use the same and shall set forth the best mode contemplated by the inventor of carrying out his invention.
- 7. Claims 1-13, 15-18, 23, and 25-27 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, first paragraph, because the specification, , while being enabling for the preparation of the parent compounds of formula I, does not reasonably provide enablement for the solvates of the compounds of formula
- I. The specification does not enable any person skilled in the art to which it pertains, or with which it is most nearly connected, to make and/or use the invention commensurate in scope with these claims.

The factors to be considered in determining whether a disclosure meets the enablement requirements of 35 U.S.C. 112, first paragraph, have been described in *In re Wands*,

Art Unit: 1624

858 F.2d 731, 8 USPQ2d 1400 (Fed. Cir., 1988). The court in Wands states, "Enablement is not precluded by the necessity for some experimentation, such as routine screening. However, experimentation needed to practice the invention must not be undue experimentation. The key word is 'undue', not 'experimentation'" (*Wands*, 8 USPQ2sd 1404). Clearly, enablement of a claimed invention cannot be predicated on the basis of quantity of experimentation required to make or use the invention. "Whether undue experimentation is needed is not a single, simple factual determination, but rather is a conclusion reached by weighing many factual considerations" (*Wands*, 8 USPQ2d 1404). Among these factors are: (1) the nature of the invention; (2) the breadth of the claims; (3) the state of the prior art; (4) the predictability or unpredictability of the art; (5) the relative skill of those in the art; (6) the amount of direction or guidance presented; (7) the presence or absence of working examples; and (8) the quantity of experimentation necessary.

Consideration of the relevant factors sufficient to establish a *prima facie* case for lack of enablement is set forth herein below:

(1) The nature of the invention and (2) the breadth of the claims:

The claims are drawn to compounds with core comprising pyrazole connected to pyridine or benzene, depending on what group variable R¹ is.

(3) The state of the prior art and (4) the predictability or unpredictability of the art:

Vippagunta et al. state (page 18, section 3.4): "Predicting the formation of solvates or hydrates of a compound and the number of molecules of water or solvent incorporated into the crystal lattice of a compound is complex and difficult." Each solid compound responds uniquely to the possible formation of solvates or hydrates and hence generalizations cannot be made for a series of related compounds."

(5) The relative skill of those in the art:

One of ordinary skill in the art is a chemist who is familiar with the synthetic procedures shown in the specification.

(6) The amount of direction or guidance presented and (7) the presence or absence of working examples:

The specification has provided guidance for the preparation of parent compounds of claim 1.

Art Unit: 1624

However, the specification does not provide guidance for the formation of solvates.

(8) The quantity of experimentation necessary:

Considering the state of the art as discussed by the references above, particularly with regards to claims 1-13 and 15-22 and the high unpredictability in the art as evidenced therein, and the lack of guidance provided in the specification, one of ordinary skill in the art would be burdened with undue experimentation to practice the invention commensurate in the scope of the claims.

This rejection is maintained because applicants have not shown that compounds are able to form solvates. The sections cited by applicants in Vippagunta et al. only teach general conclusory statements about solvate or hydrate formation. Applicants have to show that compounds of the instant application are able to form solvates or hydrates to overcome this rejection.

Conclusion

8. No claims are allowed.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Noble Jarrell whose telephone number is (571) 272-9077. The examiner can normally be reached on M-F 7:30 A.M - 6:00 P.M. EST.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Mr. James O. Wilson can be reached on (571) 272-0661. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Art Unit: 1624

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). If you would like assistance from a USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated information system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.

/Noble Jarrell/ Examiner, Art Unit 1624 /James O. Wilson/ Supervisory Patent Examiner, Art Unit 1624